



The Pinnacle Federation – EYFS curriculum Hawkesbury Primary School Wren Class

The Hawkesbury Vision, 'enabling everyone to flourish'. Our vision is based on Psalm 1 verse 3 which says: "They are like trees growing beside a stream, trees that produce fruit in season and always have leaves. Those people succeed in everything they do."

Our Ethos is to provide a caring, Christian environment where all can enjoy, achieve and believe.

Our core values help us to live out our vision. These are:

Respect-The story of The Good Samaritan reminds us that we should respect each other and celebrate our differences. **Creativity**-The story of The Creation reminds us of the importance of our wonderful world and that we can all be creative in our own way. **Perseverance**-The story of Moses leading the Hebrews out of Egypt reminds us that we need to keep trying and never give up.

At Hawkesbury CE VC Primary School it is our intent to provide a firm foundation on which all aspects of education are built. The Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) provides a broad, balanced curriculum which is wide ranging in approach where the learning environment is motivating, exciting and caring in order to promote children's positive self-esteem and to foster a love of learning. We work in partnership with parents so children develop physically, verbally, cognitively and emotionally whilst embedding a positive attitude to school and a love of learning. We believe all children deserve to be valued as individuals and are passionate in allowing all children to achieve their full, unique potential.

At Hawkesbury CE VC Primary School we carefully develop our EYFS Curriculum considering unique needs and each stage of development. Our curriculum for the Foundation Stage is based on Prime and Specific areas of learning. The teaching of these areas of learning is practical and playful with support and challenge from adults in class sessions, small group sessions and working with individuals. There is a combination of adult-led, teacher taught sessions as well as a wealth of stimulating continuous provision opportunities. Throughout all of these areas of learning and at the heart of the EYFS Curriculum are the characteristics of effective learning. We strive to develop these key principles of "Playing and Learning", "Active Learning" and "Thinking Critically" in order to give the children the skills that they will continue to draw upon throughout their development.

Four guiding principles are:

- every child is a unique child, who is constantly learning and can be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured
- children learn to be strong and independent through **positive relationships**
- children learn and develop well in **enabling environments with teaching and support from adults**, who respond to their individual interests and needs and help them to build their learning over time. Children benefit from a **strong partnership** between practitioners and parents and/or carers.
- importance of **learning and development**. Children develop and learn at different rates.

Characteristics of Effective Learning

• Playing and exploring: - Children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'. Children who actively participate in their own play develop a larger store of information and experiences to draw on which positively supports their learning

• Active learning: - Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties. They are proud of their own achievements. For children to develop into self-regulating, lifelong learners they are required to take ownership, accept challenges and learn persistence.

• Creating and thinking critically: - Children develop their own ideas and make links between these ideas. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences which help them to solve

problems and reach conclusions.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Possible themes / interests / Lines of Enquiry	Settling in – Who we are and our families and where do we live? Harvest (including in the past) Autumn	Celebrations Remembrance Bonfire night Diwali Christmas Past and present	Winter The wider world Lunar New Year	Being healthy (including oral health) Spring Easter	Life cycles and growth Minibeasts Traditional tales	Enquiry – What makes a good show Our village in the past Memories and transition
Linked to Values	Respect Perseverance	Respect Creativity	Perseverance Respect	Respect Perseverance	Creativity Respect	Creativity Respect Perseverance
Possible texts	All are welcome by Alexandra Penfold	Whatever Next by Jill Murphy Whatever Next!	Stickman by Julia Donaldson	Oliver's fruit salad by Vivian French	The Woolly Bear Caterpillar by Julia Donaldson	http://www.hawkesburyshow.org/ Dogger by Shirly Hughes
	Here we are by Oliver Jeffers	One Hundred Steps – Captain Sir Tom Moore	The magic paintbrush by Julia Donaldson	Supertato by Sue Hendra	Eric Carle books	Shirley Higher
	The Little Red Hen		Coming to England by Floella Benjamin Coming to England	King Charles Coronation Zog Paddington Bear Sleeping Beauty		
	The enormous turnip					
WOW moments	Church visit	Theatre trip		Farm visit Church visit	Wild place visit / Westonbirt	Allotment visit Wren Class Village Show

Parental	Home visits	Parental workshop	Parental workshop	Phonics and reading	Parental workshop	Wren Class Show
engagement	Phonics and reading	Nativity	·	update workshop.	·	
opportunities	workshop			Parental workshop		
	Harvest celebration			Easter celebration		
Opportunities for continuous provision	Painting self-portraits Family portraits	Firework pictures and crafts Electricity – circuits	Shop Ice challenges – floating and	Exploring fruit and veg – sampling		
Continuous promon	Who we are – diversity	Dark tent / space rocket	sinking, getting dinosaurs out	Exercise – circuits / challenges		
	Harvest from our garden		of the ice	Tooth brushing (large teeth)		
	Exploring harvest produce –	Santa's workshop		Signs of spring observations		
	wheat etc. Scarecrow making	Christmas decorations	Restaurant	Easter garden Fruit and veg shop		
	Baking bread			Small world farm		
Marahulam fan			a Mintary bara fracty	Balanced diet, fruit, vegetables,		
Vocabulary for themes			 Winter: bare, frosty, dead, snow, ice, cold, 	5 a day, well-being, physical	Life cycles: frog, tadpole,	
themes	• Family, friends, brother, sister, community, grandparents, home,		nature.	and mental health, exercise,	frogspawn, froglet, butterfly, caterpillar, egg, chrysalis,	
	park, library, museum, police,		 Weather related words: clouds, sunshine, rain, 	healthy, screen time. Toothbrush, toothpaste, gums,	change, cycle.	Past, show, maypole,
	firefighter, nurse.	Celebration, belief, Diwali, diva,	snow, ice	dentist, brushing.	Mini beasts: worm, spider,	competition, display, research,
	Autumn: change, harvest,	fireworks, remembrance, tradition, Christmas, Jesus,	 Countryside, city, town, 	Spring: bud, blossom, bloom,	woodlice, earwigs, centipede, legs, body, head, antennae,	tradition, memory, photograph,
	combine, crops, vegetables,	nativity (and associated	village, Yate, Bristol, England, United Kingdom,	growth, roots, shoots, germination, new life.	habitat.	website, produce, recipes, model, rosette, certificate.
	harvest loaf, giving thanks,	language), past.	Europe, map, sea, land.	Weather related words: clouds,	King, Queen, Castle,	Moving-on, older, transition.
	colours, fallen, hibernation,		China, celebration,	sunshine, rain	Coronation, crown, jubilee, prince, palace, orb, crown	8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
	crunchy, crisp Weather: clouds, sunshine, rain,		dragon, lion, emperor,	Easter: belief (some people),	jewels, throne	
	foggy, windy, wet, cold		Chinese food related words.	reborn, new life, Jesus, cross, forgiveness, Bible, disciples.		
			Works.	Torgiveness, bible, disciples.		
KS1 Enquiries	What is home?					
(Year A)	Scientist		What did Brunel did for	How do we live a healthy	How will we get around in	What could my classroom
		How can we help?	Great Britain?	life?	How will we get around in the future?	be made out of?
	How are schools the	Philosopher	Historian	How do plants grow near	Geographer	Scientist
	same?			me?	Geographie	
	Geographer			Scientist		
KS1 Key vocabulary	Dead, alive, never alive ● Habitats					
(Year A)	Micro and Macro			Nutrition ● Food ● Source ● Wild/Farmed ● Prepared ●		Material ● Purpose ● Function ●
	Line ● Texture	Kindness • Charity • Giving •	Present: today, now ● Past ●	Healthy • Balanced • Exercise	Present: today, now ● Past: Years	Fixing ● Strengthen Everyday materials ● Squashing,
	Common classroom objects ●	Technique Modelling Technique Modelling Modelling Mo	Significant • Engineer/ing • Strengthening • Evaluation •		ago, decades ago ● Future: 'tomorrow's' ● Continents,	bending, twisting, stretching.
	Locality • Village, town or city and	Animation; still, frame	Improvement	Roots, stem, flower, seeds	oceans etc. • Map, atlas • Travel,	Cutting, shaping, joining, finishing
	county • England, Britain, United	Background/foreground		Continent [names of] • Ocean [names of] • Hot, cold, variable	journey, destination ● Soundtrack	■ Building/Builder Architecture/Architect Engineer
	Kingdom Names of countries and continents			[climate] • Water, light, nutrition		• Construction
	and continents					
KS1 Enquiries		How do we play in		What might I do in the	M/ha halaaa 1.2	What am I?
(Year B)	What grows near me?	different ways? Historian	Where is my school?	What might I do in the future?	Who helps who?	Musician/Scientist
	Scientist		Geographer	Tutule:	Historian	iviusiciali/ scientist
		How do we move around?				

				What could Artists do? Artist		What could my hat be made of? Engineer					
KS1 Key vocabulary (Year B)	Common ● Wild ● Root, Stem, Leaves, Flower ● Forest, soil, vegetation, garden, seasons and weather ● City, town, farm, country	Present: today, now ● Near past: yesterday, last week ● Far past: years ago, decades ago, generations ● Change Fold ● Slide ● Pivot ● Lever ● Locality	Globe, Atlas, Map ● Key, symbols ● Human and physical geography ● Similarity and difference ● Compare and contrast	Cutting ● Shaping ● Joining ● Finishing ● Representing	Present, living memory (recent past), past. ● Local ● Significant individual ● Similarity ● Difference ● Contribution ● Helping others	Animal ● Humans ● Mammals, Reptiles, Birds, Amphibians, Fish ● Omnivore, carnivore, herbivore ● Senses ● Sensory organs: ear, eye, tongue, skin, nose Colour ● Pattern ● Texture ● Line, ● Shape ● Form ● Space					
Curriculum Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2					
and Language	form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures Core Knowledge / skills and concepts. By the time children finish in EYFS we want them > To talk confidently to peers and adults about their learning and interests > To be able to recite 3 poems and 3 stories using a story map as support > To use an increasingly diverse range of vocabulary in meaningful contexts > To actively join in with stories > To develop increasing confidence to share learning with others, including in front of an audience > To be able to say hello in different languages										
	 Establish rules for listening and speaking within the class. Find out about each other. Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Daily story time with high quality texts. Introduce Poetry basket – initial poems. Introduce TfW to retell a familiar story. 	 Introduce helicopter stories. Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Extend vocabulary in role play through modelling. Develop social phrases. Describe events in some detail. Use a story map to retell a story. 	 Introduce Wren of the Week – opportunities to share their own personal experiences. Engage in non-fiction books Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Talk about prior learning supported through floor book and learning diary reviews. Share a story with buddies 	 Use new vocabulary in different contexts – extend vocabulary through opportunities in the environment. Present in front on an audience for the Easter service. 	 Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities explain how things work and why they might happen. 	 Consolidation Confidence to talk about their learning and relate it to prior experiences. 					

	Ongoing Learn new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary through Articulate their ideas and tho	·	 Listen to and talk about stories understanding. Learn rhymes, poems, and sor Engage in story times. 		 Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Retell the story once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. 					
Sign posting / useful links - Communication and language	https://www.cpft.nhs.ul	x/speech-and-language-therapy			actant talkers / selective mutism					
Personal, Social and Emotional Development	development. Underpinning t how to understand their own own abilities, to persist and w and manage personal needs i	their personal development are the feelings and those of others. Chi wait for what they want and direct andependently. Through supporte	ne important attachments that sha Idren should be supported to man t attention as necessary. Through a	pe their social world. Strong, wa age emotions, develop a positive dult modelling and guidance, th hey learn how to make good fri	althy and happy lives, and is fundamendarm and supportive relationships with e sense of self, set themselves simple pay will learn how to look after their be endships, co-operate and resolve conf	adults enable children to learn goals, have confidence in their odies, including healthy eating,				
	Core Knowledge / skills and concepts. By the time children finish in EYFS we want them > To know how to be a good friend > To be independent and challenge themselves > To understand our school rules of 'Be ready, Be respectful, Be safe' > To learn how to manage new situations, people and ideas with courage and interest									
	 Settle into the school environ positive relationships with ne See themselves as a valuable Recognise their own emotion appropriately. Express their feelings and con Begin to solve problems using Set a simple goal in discovery Able to go to the toilet and w 	w friends and adults. individual. s and how to respond to these sider the feelings of others. g leant strategies. time.	 Show resilience and persever Identify and name their emore feelings socially and emotion Know about what makes up at the company of the company of	cions and moderate their own ally. I healthy diet. Ilthy – sleep, brushing teeth,	 Resolve conflicts with minimal adult intervention by using tools such as a timer and 'Stop I don't like it' Persevere – to keep trying and accept if things do not go plan. Think about the perspectives of others and begin to take these into account in play. Manage their own needs. Recognising and naming parts of their bodies and know I they have changed since they were a baby. 					
		These statements have been s	plit to show areas of particular foc	us each term. These statements	will be ongoing throughout the year.					
Jigsaw PSHE Theme	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Differences	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me				
Sign posting / useful links – Personal, social and Emotional Development	 Young Minds: The UK's leader the emotional, behaviour, or make the emotional production of the emotional production of the emotional production of the emotion of the emotion	ading charity fighting for children a tental health of a child/young pers ry organisation and registered cha and Wellbeing work with families, vice, and therapeutic services like arers: South Glos Parents and Car	on up to 25 years of age, including A rity. They are dedicated to supporting children and young people. Offer or counselling https://leadinglightseduc	ffers confidential online and telep DHD, Autism and Aspergers Yourng parents and families and their e to one tuition from primary to usationandwellbeing.org.uk/	phone information and support for anyong Minds Mental Health Charity For Child LGBT+ members. https://www.fflag.org.undergraduate including specialist need in the prove services and support for children	.uk/ ds, homeschooling, mentoring,				

	Homestart: Independent www.homestartbristol.org	t registered charity that supports far g.uk	milies with at least one child under	five, living in Bristol and South Glou	icestershire, including emotional ar	d practical support in the home.					
Physical Development	incrementally throughout ea play movement with both o balance, spatial awareness, helps with hand-eye co-ordi	Educational Programme: Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.									
	Core Knowledge / skills and concepts. By the time children finish in EYFS we want them To be able to get changed for PE independently To be able to throw and catch a ball To be able to join a sequence of movements to perform a simple gymnastic or dance routine To be able to say how to keep themselves healthy and happy To hold a pencil using a tripod grip To be able to use cutlery effectively To be able to use scissors and other tools affectively										
	Gross motor	Gross motor	Gross motor	Gross motor	Gross motor	Gross motor					
	➤ Introduce PE sessions	> Begin to get changed for PE	> Begin Future Stars sessions	Future Stars – ball skills.	Future Stars – Gymnastics:	> Future Stars – Athletics					
	developing listening skills through introductory warm-up games and parachute games. Fine motor	with some independence. Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - rolling, crawling, walking,	 PE Fundamentals, basic PE skills showing some control. Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed 	Develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. Develop confidence,	safe use of equipment, focus on movement, jumping and balancing. Combine these different movements with ease and	Sports day – including understanding the competitive element of sport, to try our best and accept if things do not go					
	Know how to hold a pencil	jumping, running, hopping,	to engage successfully with	competence, precision and	fluency	to plan.					
	effectively. > Write Dance to support	skipping, climbing Confidently and safely use	future physical education sessions and other physical	accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.	Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with	Fine motor Managing self					

gymnastics, sport and

Begin to develop the

foundations of a

handwriting style which is

➤ Begin to safely use small

woodwork tools.

Managing self

fast, accurate and efficient.

swimming

Fine motor

Managing self

> Know and talk about the

different factors that

and wellbeing:

- healthy eating

- toothbrushing

'screen time'

routine

support their overall health

- regular physical activity

- sensible amounts of

- having a good sleep

- being a safe pedestrian

grace.

Managing self

Fine motor

a handwriting style which is

fast, accurate and efficient.

Managing self

apparatus indoors and

outside, alone and in a

group – learn rules and

➤ Hold a pair of scissors

Fine motor

paper.

Managing self

expectations of equipment.

effectively to cut a piece of

development

Managing self

> Introduce dough Disco to

Develop the skills they

day successfully:

support fine motor control

need to manage the school

- lining up and

queuing

mealtimes –

including using a

personal hygiene

knife and fork.

Ongoing

- > Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely, and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.
- > Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor.
- > Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility.

Sign posting / useful links – Physical Development

- ERIC: The Children's Bowel & Bladder Charity has been dedicated for over 30 years to improving the lives of all children and teenagers in the UK facing continence challenges. https://www.eric.org.uk/
- **REACH:** A free programme of fun and engaging activities for families that encourages them to be fitter, healthier and happier by helping them make gradual changes to the food they eat and the physical activity they take. Group programmes for 4-11 and 7 11 year olds and their families. www.southglos.gov.uk/reach
- Cerebra Sleep Service: Advice and guidance on refusing to go to bed, difficulty going to sleep, not wanting to sleep alone, waking up during the night, waking up early etc. https://www.cerebra.org.uk/help-and-information/sleep-service/
- Incredible Kids: Inclusive play sessions in Bristol. Support, advice, friendship or fun inclusive family play you will find something for everyone in your family at Incredible Kids. www.incrediblekids.org.uk
- Jigsaw, Thornbury: We understand the issues of parents with children who have additional needs, resources available to loan. https://www.jigsawthornbury.org.uk/
- Campus Skateparks: Not for profit organisation that uses the positive energy and influence of skateboarding to engage with children and young people https://www.campusskateparks.co.uk/about
- Yate Leisure Centre: Monday-Friday 6:15am-9:15pm, Saturday 8am-6pm, Sunday 8am-9:15pm Yate Leisure Centre | Gym | Swimming Pool | Active Centres
- One You: South Glos physical activity guidance and signposting to local activities. https://oneyou.southglos.gov.uk/for-your-body/move-more/active-living/
- Bristol Family Cycle Centre: https://betterbybike.info/cycling-centres/bristol-family-cycling-centre/

Literacy

Educational Programme: It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing)

Core Knowledge / skills and concepts. By the time children finish in EYFS we want them...

- > To read a Phase 4 level book with fluency and expression and talk about what they have read
- > To be able to decode unfamiliar words with confidence (Phase 4 level)
- > To write a story using up to Phase 4 phonics and Talk for Writing strategies
- To be able to recite 3 poems and 3 stories

Phonics

➤ Phase 2 (Week 2 onwards) and Phase 3 using Unlocking Letters and Sounds as DfE accredited SSP.

Author (reader)

- > Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.
- ➤ Introduce guided reading decoding, prosody and comprehension.
- ➤ Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words
- > made up of known letter-sound correspondences.
- Read and spell Phase 2 Common Exception Words I, no, go, to, the.
- Read Phase 3 Common Exception Words he, she, we, me, be, was, my, you, they, her, all, are.
- ➤ Introduce Helicopter Stories supporting imagination to tell

Phonics

➤ Phase 3 to complete and then master – Unlocking Letters and sounds as DfE accredited SSP.

Author (reader)

- > Read diagraphs and trigraphs and say sounds for them.
- Guided reading decoding, prosody and comprehension, Phase 3.
- ➤ Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few Phase 3 Common Exception Words.
- Read Phase 3 Common Exception Words he, she, we, me, be, was, my, you, they, her, all, are.

Author (writer)

Phonics

➤ Phase 4 and then master – Unlocking Letters and sounds as DfE accredited SSP.

Author (reader)

- Guided reading decoding, prosody and comprehension, Phase 4.
- ➤ Read Phase 4 Common Exception Words said, so, have, like, some, come, there, little, one, do, when out, what.

Author (writer)

- ➤ Write Phase 4 Common Exception Words said, so, have, like, some, come, there, little, one, do, when out, what.
- ➤ Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop.
- Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.

	 Fiction: Stickman, Supertate Non-fiction: Non-Chronolog Year, Poetry – seasons 		 Talk for Writing texts: Fiction: Dogger Non-fiction: Recount - Westonbirt trip, Explanation on life cycles (butterfly), Instructions 						
Re-read these books to build up the	ir confidence in word readi		anding and enjoyment.						
Phase 1/2	Phase 2/3	Phase 3	Phase 3	Phase 4	Phase 4				
 Yate Library: 44 West Walk, Yat Top Marks Phonics: Interacti Phonics Play: Interactive online 	e https://myyate.co.uk/yate/vephonics games to support phon	yate-library ort phonics learning <u>https://www.</u> ics learning <u>https://www.phonic</u>	w.topmarks.co.uk/english-gam splay.co.uk/						
Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. Core Knowledge / skills and concepts. By the time children finish in EYFS we want them > To know 3 maths songs / rhymes – 5 little men in a flying saucer, 5 current buns and 10 number bond rap > To be able to have a go at solving mathematical problems and not be afraid to make mistakes > To be able to explain their mathematical thinking and ideas using mathematical language and concepts > To be able to count by subitising and using 1:1 correspondence > To have an in depth knowledge of numbers to 10, including number bonds, odd and even numbers and some doubles > To know 20 and 3D shapes and make patterns > To know days of the week, months of the year and seasons > To be able to simply compare the weight, capacity or length of an object > To know we use money to buy things and have an ideas of its importance in everyday life									
	Phase 1/2 Hawkesbury Upton Commune Yate Library: 44 West Walk, Yate Phonics Play: Interactive online Big Cat books: Online books (Second and apply this understanding from which mastery of mathematics including shape, spaced a go', talk to adults and peers about the Knowledge / skills and commune to be able to have a go at solving to be able to explain their mathematics in depth knowledge of the count by subitising to have an in depth knowledge of the count by subitising to know 2D and 3D shapes and row to be able to simply compare the count to be able to simply compare the count by subitising to know 2D and 3D shapes and row to be able to simply compare the count by subitising to know 2D and 3D shapes and row to be able to simply compare the count by subitising to know 2D and 3D shapes and row to be able to simply compare the count by subitising to know days of the week, monto	Phase 1/2 Phase 2/3 Hawkesbury Upton Community Library: Village Hall, Yate Library: 44 West Walk, Yate https://myyate.co.uk/yate/ Top Marks Phonics: Interactive phonics games to support phonics Play: Interactive online games to support phone Big Cat books: Online books (you will need to subscribe count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the number build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulative from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is immathematics including shape, space and measures. It is import a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be re Knowledge / skills and concepts. By the time To know 3 maths songs / rhymes – 5 little men in a flying sate To be able to explain their mathematical thinking and ideas To be able to count by subitising and using 1:1 corresponded To have an in depth knowledge of numbers to 10, including To know 2D and 3D shapes and make patterns To know days of the week, months of the year and seasons To be able to simply compare the weight, capacity or length.	Phase 1/2 Phase 2/3 Phase 3 • Hawkesbury Upton Community Library: Village Hall, Fridays 2.15-4.15pm https://mys • Yate Library: 44 West Walk, Yate https://myate.co.uk/yate/jate-library • Top Marks Phonics: Interactive phonics games to support phonics learning https://www.phonics Play: Interactive online games to support phonics learning https://www.phonics Big Cat books: Online books (you will need to subscribe) https://collins.co.uk/pages/col Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships betwee build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum include mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive is a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. To know 3 maths songs / rhymes – 5 little men in a flying saucer, 5 current buns and 10 number. To know 3 maths songs / rhymes – 5 little men in a flying saucer, 5 current buns and 10 number. To be able to have a go at solving mathematical problems and not be afraid to make mistakes. To be able to explain their mathematical thinking and ideas using mathematical language and in the power of the substance	Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Phase 1/2 Phase 2/3 Phase 3 Phase 3 Hawkesbury Upton Community Library: Village Hall, Fridays 2.15-4.15pm https://mysodbury.co.uk/sodbury/d/151: Yate Library: 44 West Walk, Yate https://mysate.co.uk/yate/yate-library Top Marks Phonics: Interactive phonics games to support phonics learning https://www.topmarks.co.uk/english-game Phonics Play: Interactive online games to support phonics learning https://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/ Big Cat books: Online books (you will need to subscribe) https://collins.co.uk/pages/collins-big-cat Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics of the still and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. For Knowledge / skills and concepts. By the time children finish in EYFS we want them To know 3 maths songs / rhymes — 5 little men in a flying saucer, 5 current buns and 10 number bond rap To be able to have a go at solving mathematical problems and not be afraid to make mistakes To be able to explain their mathematical thinking and ideas using mathematical language and concepts To have an in depth knowledge of numbers to 10, including number bonds, odd and even numbers and some doubles To know 2D and 3D shapes and make patterns To know 2D and 3D shapes and make patterns To know 2D and 3D shapes and	Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Phase 1/2 Phase 2/3 Phase 3 Phase 3 Phase 4 Hawkesbury Upton Community Library: Village Hall, Pridays 2.15-4.15pm https://mysodbury.co.uk/sodbury/d/15182/hawkesbury upton community Yate Library: 44 West Walk, Vate https://mysodbury.co.uk/yate/yate-library Top Marks Phonics: Interactive phonics games to support phonics learning https://www.hopmarks.co.uk/english-games/5-7-years/letters-and-sounds Phonics Play: Interactive online games to support phonics learning https://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/ Big Cat books: Online books (you will need to subscribe) https://collins.co.uk/pages/collins-big-cat Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathemat count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing freque build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure bas from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relatic a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. For knowledge / skills and concepts. By the time children finish in EYFS we want them To know 3 maths songs / rhymes – 5 little men in a flying saucer, 5 current buns and 10 number bond rap To be able to explain their mathematical thinking and ideas using mathematical language and concepts To be able to explain their mathematical thinking and ideas using				

White Rose

Week Week	Week 3		Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Getting to K You	now	Phase	Just Like Me!		It's Me 1 2 3!			Light and Dark			
Opportunities settling in, introd the areas of prov and getting to kno children.	ucing vision	Number	Match and Sort Compare Amounts		Representing 1, 2 & 3 Comparing 1, 2 & 3 Composition of 1, 2 & 3		Representing Numbers to 5. One More and Less.				
Key times of day, routines. Explorin continuous prov inside and out. W do things belor Positional langu	ng the rision Vhere ng?	Measure, Shape and Spatial Thinking	(anacity		Circles and Triangles Positional Language		Shapes with 4 Sides. Time				

Number

- > To begin to learn maths related to routines and times of the day; Class timetable, days of the week song, months of the year, short and long date, seasons, etc.
- > Begin to use mathematical language used in class.
- Explore, compare, match and sort amounts using loose parts, counters, Numicon and every day resources in continuous provision and on our maths mat.
- > Explore representations and compose numbers to 5.
- Subitise amounts to 5.
- Compare amounts to 5.
- ➤ Count objects, actions and sounds to 5, and using 1:1 correspondence.
- > Begin to find amounts greater and less 5.
- > Begin to know some number bonds to 5.
- Use pennies to make amounts to 5p.

Measure, shape and spatial thinking

- > Compare and explore size, mass and capacity of objects.
- Begin to say which is bigger / smaller, heavier / lighter, empty / full.
- ➤ Make simple ABAB patterns using natural objects, shapes, claps and stamps, etc.
- Spot, describe and make circles, triangles, squares and rectangles.
- ➤ Know some 2D shape names,
- ➤ Describe how many sides and corners a 2D shape has, and whether it has straight or curved sides.
- Use positional language to describe whether something is on, under, behind, next to, around, etc.

White Rose

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9		
Phase	A	Alive in 5	5!	Growing 6, 7, 8			Building 9 & 10				
Number	Compar	oducing Z ring Numb position of	ers to 5		6, 7 & 8 Making Pairs Combining 2 Groups			9 & 10 Comparing Numbers to 10 Bonds to 10			
Measure, Shape and Spatial Thinking		npare Mas are Capad	* *	Ler	ngth & Hei Time	ight		3d-Shape Pattern (2			

Number

- Use mathematical language to explain ideas and reason about their working.
- ➤ Explore representations and compose numbers to 10, including 0.
- > Compare amounts to 10.
- ➤ Count objects, actions and sounds to 10, and using 1:1 correspondence.
- > Begin to find amounts greater and less 10.
- Combine two amounts Addition
- Know and recall number bonds to 10.
- Make pairs and notice when one is left out (is odd).
- Represent amounts on 10's frames and using Part, Part, Whole model.
- Use pennies and explore other coins to make amounts to 10p.

Measure, shape and spatial thinking

- Use more specific mathematical language to describe length (longer, shorter), height (taller, shorter) and breadth (wider, narrower).
- Compare mass and say whether objects are heavier / lighter than, heaviest / lightest.
- > Explore and compare mass using scales.
- Compare capacity and describe containers as tall, thin, narrow, wide, shallow and whether they are full, half full, empty.
- Compare length, height and breadth and measure with nonstandard units, e.g. cubes.

White Rose

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Phase	To 20 and Beyond First Then N		Now	Find my Pattern			On the Move					
Number	Building Numbers Beyond 10 Counting Patterns Beyond 10 Adding More Taking Away			Doubling Sharing & Grouping Even and Odd		ouping	Deepening Understanding Patterns and Relationships		ding nd			
Spatial Reasoning	Spatial Reasoning (1) Match, Rotate, Manipulate Spatial Reasoning (2 Compose and Decompose		and		l Reasor llise and	0 1 7	Spatial Reasoning (4) Mapping					

Number

- ➤ Build and count objects, actions and sounds beyond 10, and using 1:1 correspondence.
- Explore representations and compose numbers to 20 and beyond.
- Begin to find amounts greater and less to 20.
- Know teen numbers are made up of one ten and so many ones.
- > Repeat counting patterns and count in 2's, 10's and 5's.
- > Add more than two amounts together.
- > Take away amounts to 10.
- Know Odd and Even numbers to 10.
- Double amounts to 10 and share / group evenly.

Measure, shape and spatial thinking

- Use shapes to make other shapes and more complex patterns.
- > Draw maps to build spatial reasoning.
- Solve simple problems applying and deepening knowledge taught this term.

	I	
 Talk about night and day and order key events in their daily routine. Begin to measure time in simple ways, e.g. how many sleeps until an important event. Solve simple problems applying and deepening knowledge taught this term. 	 Use words now, before, later, soon, after, then, next, yesterday, today and tomorrow to describe when events happen. Know some 3D shape names. Spot, describe, construct and deconstruct with 3D shapes. Describe how many faces a 3D shape has and whether they are flat or curved. Can they stack or will the roll? Make more complex patterns (AABAAB, ABBABB) using natural objects, shapes, claps and stamps, etc. Solve simple problems applying and deepening knowledge taught this term. 	

Mastering Number Term 1

Subitising

- > perceptually subitise within 3
- identify sub-groups in larger arrangements
- > create their own patterns for numbers within 4
- practise using their fingers to represent quantities which they can subitise
- experience subitising in a range of contexts, including temporal patterns made by sounds.

Cardinality, ordinality and Counting

- relate the counting sequence to cardinality, seeing that the last number spoken gives the number in the entire set
- have a wide range of opportunities to develop their knowledge of the counting sequence, including through rhyme and song
- have a wide range of opportunities to develop 1:1 correspondence, including by coordinating movement and counting
- have opportunities to develop an understanding that anything can be counted, including actions and sounds
- explore a range of strategies which support accurate counting.

Composition

- > see that all numbers can be made of 1s
- compose their own collections within 4.

Comparison

- understand that sets can be compared according to a range of attributes, including by their numerosity
- use the language of comparison, including 'more than' and 'fewer than'
- compare sets 'just by looking'.

Mastering Number Term 2

Subitising

- continue from first half-term
- subitise within 5, perceptually and conceptually, depending on the arrangements.

Cardinality, ordinality and Counting

- > continue to develop their counting skills
- explore the cardinality of 5, linking this to dice patterns and 5 fingers on 1 hand
- begin to count beyond 5
- begin to recognise numerals, relating these to quantities they can subitise and count.

Composition

- explore the concept of 'wholes' and 'parts' by looking at a range of objects that are composed of parts, some of which can be taken apart and some of which cannot
- explore the composition of numbers within 5.

Comparison

Mastering Number Term 3

Subitising

- increase confidence in subitising by continuing to explore patterns within 5, including structured and random arrangements
- explore a range of patterns made by some numbers greater than 5, including structured patterns in which 5 is a clear part
- experience patterns which show a small group and '1 more'
- continue to match arrangements to finger patterns.

Cardinality, ordinality and Counting

- > continue to develop verbal counting to 20 and beyond
- continue to develop object counting skills, using a range of strategies to develop accuracy
- continue to link counting to cardinality, including using their fingers to represent quantities between 5 and 10
- order numbers, linking cardinal and ordinal representations of number.

Composition

- continue to explore the composition of 5 and practise recalling 'missing' or 'hidden' parts for 5
- explore the composition of 6, linking this to familiar patterns, including symmetrical patterns
- begin to see that numbers within 10 can be composed of '5 and a bit'.

Comparison

- continue to compare sets using the language of comparison, and play games which involve comparing sets
- continue to compare sets by matching, identifying when sets are equal explore ways of making unequal sets equal.

Mastering Number Term 4

Subitising

explore symmetrical patterns, in which each side is a familiar pattern, linking this to 'doubles'.

Cardinality, ordinality and Counting

- continue to consolidate their understanding of cardinality, working with larger numbers within 10
- become more familiar with the counting pattern beyond 20.

Composition

- explore the composition of odd and even numbers, looking at the 'shape' of these numbers
- begin to link even numbers to doubles
- begin to explore the composition of numbers within 10.

Comparison

compare numbers, reasoning about which is more, using both an understanding of the 'how manyness' of a number, and its position in the number system.

Mastering Number Term 5 Subitising

- continue to practise increasingly familiar subitising arrangements, including those which expose '1 more' or 'doubles' patterns
- use subitising skills to enable them to identify when patterns show the same number but in a different arrangement, or when patterns are similar but have a different number
- subitise structured and unstructured patterns, including those which show numbers within 10, in relation to 5 and 10
- be encouraged to identify when it is appropriate to count and when groups can be subitised.

Cardinality, ordinality and Counting

- continue to develop verbal counting to 20 and beyond, including counting from different starting numbers
- continue to develop confidence and accuracy in both verbal and object counting.

Composition

explore the composition of 10.

Comparison

order sets of objects, linking this to their understanding of the ordinal number system.

Mastering Number Term 6

In this half-term, the children will consolidate their understanding of concepts previously taught through working in a variety of contexts and with different numbers

compare sets using a variety of strategies, including 'just	
by looking', by subitising and by matching	
by looking, by subitising and by matching	
compare sets by matching, seeing that when every object	
in a set can be matched to one in the other set, they	
contain the same number and are equal amounts.	

Sign posting / useful links

- Mathematics
- White Rose Maths: Home learning resources https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning
- NRICH: Early number and place value information https://nrich.maths.org/10739 activity ideas https://nrich.maths.org/13371
- **Top Marks Maths:** Interactive maths games to support learning https://www.topmarks.co.uk/Search.aspx?Subject=16
- NCETM: Early Years Support https://www.ncetm.org.uk/in-the-classroom/early-years/
- Number Blocks: Watching episodes and playing games from CBBC https://www.bbc.co.uk/cbeebies/shows/numberblocks
- White Rose 1 Minute Maths App: https://whiterosemaths.com/resources/1-minute-maths
- Outdoor Maths Games for Early Years: https://www.teachearlyyears.com/learning-and-development/view/making-play-count

Understanding the World

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Core Knowledge / skills and concepts. By the time children finish in EYFS we want them...

- > To know about Hawkesbury people, places and traditions
- > To draw a simple map of an area they know
- To know about cultures and traditions from other countries e.g. food, festivals and houses in China, India, etc.
- > To understand that people have different values and beliefs and be respectful of these
- > To talk about their past using appropriate vocabulary and find out how life has changed from when their parents were little (toys, traditions, houses, technology)
- > To observe and comment on differences in the seasons and weather in Hawkesbury and compare to other hot and cold parts of the world
- > To explore a range of materials and states of being and say how they change overtime and in different conditions e.g. ice.
- > To know how plants and animals change over time and understand what they need to grow
- > To explore and talk about different forces
- To talk about the Earth, sun, moon, planets and stars
- > Know some Christian values, stories and traditions and why they are important
- ➤ Know about some other religions such as Islam, Hinduism and Judaism
- > To complete a simple age-appropriate program using technology
- > To use the IWB to draw a picture
- > To use the internet with adult supervision to find and retrieve simple information of interest.
- > To have been involved in a range of hands-on experiences in the natural environment
- > To have explored and learned from the natural environment through a creative, child-centred learning process
- > To have established skills in outdoor activities they can develop and extend as they do Forest School sessions throughout the school

Geographer

- Introduce weather monitoring, note changes of seasons from Summer to Autumn.
- ➤ Go on an Autumn / village walk. Observe the world around us and spot landmarks relevant to our school including the Church, the Village Hall, the war memorial, the shop, our houses.

Historian

- Talk about children's memories of Bonfire night, link to their own past.
- Look at the story of Guy Fawkes and the gun powder plot and Find out why these times are remembered.
- Find out why we recognise Remembrance Day through the story of Captain Sir Tom Moore and local traditions for Remembrance Sunday.

Geographer

- Draw a simple map of a journey.
- Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live; look at the North Pole, which animals live there and what do people wear when they visit?
- Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life

Scientist

- Understand the effects of changing seasons on the natural world around them; go on a spring walk and note signs of spring.
- Find out how to keep our bodies and teeth healthy including what foods are good for is and why?

Philosopher

RE question: Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter garden?

Scientist

Introduce concept of recording scientific observations

> Explore the natural world

- around them plant seeds and observe how they grow and change over time, plant life cycle. What happens if they don't get the right conditions to grow?
- Learn how animals and insects change over time –

Geographer

- Where do we live what is important to our community? Find out about Hawkesbury Village Show and celebrate the local area.
- Look at photographs and maps of the village show and local area.
- Draw a plan of what 'Wren Class' show will look like.

Historian

- Where do we live our village, our country, our world.
- Look at photographs and maps of the local area.
- Look at an aerial photo of our school grounds. Can we workout spot the features?
- Look at a local map, spot the school, roads, park and houses.
- Draw plan views of objects, class, route in school; and then draw a simple map of their journey to school.
- Introduce Forest School, rules and routines.

Historian

- Talk about members of their immediate family, class, school and community.
- Name and describe people who are familiar to them.
- ➤ Talk about what children did before they came to school e.g. nursery, preschool, summer holidays etc

Scientist

Introduce weather monitoring, note changes of seasons from Summer to Autumn. Go on an Autumn walk.

Philosopher

Talk about the children's real memories of last Christmas, how did their parents celebrate Christmas? How has it changed?

Scientist

- Introduce concept of predictions and testing.
- Investigate light and darkness – make and find out how shadows are made? Change colours using the light box?
- Experiment with electrical circuits – how can we make a bulb light up?
- Find out about the sun, moon and planets in our solar system – what are they called and what is special about them? (CI)

Philosopher

- RE question: Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas?
- Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways by finding out how people celebrate Diwali and Christmas.
- Learn the story of how Jesus was born and take part in the Nativity play.
- Learn the story of Rama and Sita and explore the Hindu artefacts.
- Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in

- in other countries by learning about Lunar New Year. Introduce a range of countries through books (Coming to England by Floella Benjamin)
- Identify Countries, Continents and capital cities relevant to the cohort (Brazil, Ukraine, Wales).
- In depth look at Chinese culture – food, festivals, dancing, traditions and customs.

Scientist

- Understand the effects of changing seasons on the natural world around them; go on a winter walk, what has changed?
- Experiment with ice hot / cold, melting, insolation, floating and sinking. Make predictions and test ideas/ change the conditions
- Explore the concept of floating and sinking.

Philosopher

- > RE question: What stories are special and why?
- Learn about the Lunar New Year and understand how children from some cultures celebrate it.

Forest School

Develop skills with natural art; creating nature crowns, nature faces, weaving art,

- Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways – Take part in Easter celebrations at church.
- Understand that some places are special to members of their community; visit the church, the Gurdwara and Cathedral in Bristol to compare.

Forest School

Develop skills with tools; be confident to use a peeler, palm drill and a hacksaw.

- butterfly life cycle, frog life cycle.
- Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside, making observations.
- Observe and record the life cycle of plant of butterfly.
- Identify why animals are becoming endangered and what we can do about it.
- Understand the benefits of recycling.
- Visit Westonbirt Arboretum focus on observation, growing and changing.

Philosopher

> RE question: Where do we belong?

Historian

King Charles Coronation. Use fiction books to familiarise and use vocabulary related to the monarchy such as; castle. King. Queen. etc.

Forest School

Develop skills on how to cook on a fire; S'mores, Choco-nana, fruit kebabs, hotdogs and popcorn.

- Comment on images of familiar situations in the past by finding out about the Hawkesbury and the Hawkesbury Show.
- ➤ Invite a local member of the Parish Show Committee to talk to the children about the show.
- Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past; what was it like when their familiar adults were their age? What toys and technology did they have?

Scientist

- Visit a local allotment.
- ➤ Investigate shadows —
 Support children to identify
 the light source and the
 object that makes the
 shadow. Compare shadows
 on a sunny and cloudy day.
 Draw round shadows
 comparing their size and
 shape.

Philosopher

- RE question: What places are special and why?
- Understand that some places are special to members of their community; visit the church and the Gurdwara in Bristol to compare.

Forest School

Recap & develop on all the skills learnt this year.

	 RE question: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians? Join in with Harvest celebrations. Forest School Develop skills with clay; creating mini beasts, mini beast homes, nests, bird eggs and 	different ways by finding out how people celebrate Diwali and Christmas. Watch the cbeebies let's celebrate series about Diwali. How did Jessica celebrate? Forest School Develop skills with den making; tepee-style dens,	giant animals, imagination squares and mobiles.							
	 bird houses. Ongoing Describe what they see, hear Explore the natural world are 									
Sign posting / useful links – Understanding the World	A selection of local attractions to complement our learning: Wild Place: https://wildplace.org.uk/ Aerospace: https://aerospacebristol.org/ We the Curious: https://www.wethecurious.org/ M Shed: https://www.bristolmuseums.org.uk/m-shed/ SS Great Britain: https://www.ssgreatbritain.org/ Bristol aquarium: https://www.bristolaquarium.co.uk/ Westonbirt Arboretum: https://www.forestryengland.uk/westonbirt-the-national-arboretum Dyrham Park: https://www.nationaltrust.org.uk/dyrham-park Old Down Country Park: https://olddownestate.co.uk/country-park/ Slimbridge Wetland Centre: https://www.wwt.org.uk/wetland-centres/slimbridge/									
Expressive Art and Design	engage with the arts, enabling understanding, self-expression and appreciating what they have been core knowledge / skills To make a model using make a model using make a detailed observing to know how to join mate to be able to design, pland to be able to sing 3 songstanding.	g them to explore and play with a con, vocabulary and ability to commear, respond to and observe. and concepts. By the time alleable materials such as clay eary colours to make secondary convational painting erials such as paper, card or wood and then make a model using contact.	wide range of media and materia nunicate through the arts. The free ne children finish in EYFS blours I nstruction or junk modelling mate , Away in a Manger, Spring Chicket	ls. The quality and variety of what quency, repetition and depth of the want them	eativity. It is important that childre children see, hear and participate neir experiences are fundamental t	in is crucial for developing their				
	Artist:	Artist:	Artist:	Artist:	Artist:	Artist:				
	 Use a range of large brushes and mixed paint. 	Colour mixing of primary colours to make secondary colours using ready mixed paint and power paint.	Introduce watercolours and fine brushes.	Art of observing – what do they notice? Colours, textures, position.	 Observational painting / drawing and critique – peer evaluation and adapt. 	Create a painting for the Hawkesbury show.				

- Gradually introduce finer brushes.
- Exploring different colours when drawing / colouring – pencil crayons, wax crayons, felt tips, chalks. Colouring within an area.
- Introduce the IWB drawing tools including how to change the colour and size.

Engineer and Designer:

- Manipulate playdough using basic tools such as a rolling pin and cutters.
- Explore modelling materials, including junk modelling.
- Explore modelling kits, including Lego, Geomag and Maccano.
- Junk modelling: basic joins using Sellotape and glue.

Musician and Actor:

- Introduce Charanga MusicMe! (listen, perform and explore)
- Introduce Poetry Basket poem per week.
- Introduce class 'organisational' songs and number songs throughout the day.
- Introduce musical instruments and how to respect them.

- Introduce different media to use to paint with – rollers, stamps, toothbrushes, spray paint. Evaluate effectiveness and results.
- Introduce pastels and the effects these can create – smudging, shading.
- Find out about the artist Kandinski and use shape to create a picture.

Engineer and Designer:

- Use coloured plasticine to make simple models. Add beads etc to embellish and tools to mould.
- Develop use of tools such as the stapler, scissors, hole punch, to manipulate and join materials.

Musician and Actor:

- Introduce Helicopter stories.
- Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.
- Charanga Music My stories (listen, perform and explore)
- Learn 'Away in a Manger' to sing at the Nativity along

- Mix watercolour paint to achieve desired effect and colour.
- Adding detail to drawings story mapping.

Engineer and Designer:

- Use clay to make a permanent model. Use clay tools to manipulate. Paint to finish off the model.
- Introduce wood as a modelling material.
- > Use wood glue to join.

Musician and Actor:

- Charanga Music Everyone! (listen, perform and explore)
- Introduce noted musical instruments (glockenspiel)
 play following a basic music letter score.
- Listen and eplore Chinese music.
- Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses.
- Perform a 'Dragon dance' to the school.

- Observational painting of a spring flower.
- Observational drawing using pencil crayons
- Create art using natural materials, find out about Andy Goldsworthy

Engineer and Designer:

- Plan prior to modelling.
- Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.
- Introduce woodwork tools to manipulate and join materials – hammer, saw, drill, screwdriver. Use workbench and clamp.
- Building a car how to make an axel using triangles and dowelling.
- Health and safety rules when using tools.

Musician and Actor:

- Charanga Music Our
 World (listen, perform and explore)
- Learn 'Spring Chicken' to sing at the Easter Service.

Focus on Van Gough -Sunflowers

Engineer and Designer:

- Children to share their planning process and adaptations.
- Plan and create a model with a purpose in mind.

Musician and Actor:

- Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.
- Charanga Music Big Bear Funk (listen, perform and explore

Design of a poster – evaluate attractive posters then design a detailed poster to attract an audience to Wren Class Summer Fair.

Engineer and Designer:

- Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills.
- Create a model to a set brief (show model)

Musician and Actor:

- Practise and then perform Maypole dancing.
- Charanga Music Reflect, Rewind and Replay (listen, perform and explore)

	> Develop storylines in their	with the chosen Nativity songs alongside KS1.				
	pretend play.Begin to say the register in different languages.	 Practise and perform a dance for the Nativity. 				
	Learn 'Big Red Combine Harvester' to present at the Harvest Festival alongside Buddies	Introduce simple games on the IWB and tablets.				
	Ongoing					
	 Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. 					
Sign posting / useful links – Expressive Arts and Design	 Performing arts in South Glos: https://www.familiesonline.co.uk/local/south-gloucestershire/clubs-and-classes/performing-arts Music opportunities in South Glos: https://www.familiesonline.co.uk/local/south-gloucestershire/clubs-and-classes/music Yate Little Learners messy play and mark making: https://ittlelearnersuk.com/franchise/bristol-north-south-gloucestershire/ Wot-pots pottery: https://www.dayoutwiththekids.co.uk/attractions/wot-pots-0af9c9fe Children's Scrap Store, Bristol: https://www.childrensscrapstore.co.uk/ Bristol Old Vic: https://bristololdvic.org.uk/ 					